

hadoop 程式開發 (eclipse plugin)

零. 環境配置

0.1 環境說明

- ubuntu 8.10
- sun-java-6
 - java 下載處
 - JavaDoc
- eclipse 3.3.2
 - eclipse 各版本下載點 <http://archive.eclipse.org/eclipse/downloads/>
- hadoop 0.18.3
 - hadoop 各版本下載點 <http://ftp.twaren.net/Unix/Web/apache/hadoop/core/>

0.2 目錄說明

- 使用者：hadoop
- 使用者家目錄：/home/hadooper
- 專案目錄：/home/hadooper/workspace
- hadoop目錄：/opt/hadoop

一、安裝

安裝的部份沒必要都一模一樣，僅提供參考，反正只要安裝好java，hadoop，eclipse，並清楚自己的路徑就可以了

1.1 安裝java

首先安裝java 基本套件

```
$ sudo apt-get install java-common sun-java6-bin sun-java6-jdk sun-java6-jre
```

1.1.1. 安裝sun-java6-doc

1 將javadoc (jdk-6u10-docs.zip) 下載下來放在 /tmp/ 下

- 教學環境內，已經存在於 /home/hadooper/tools/，將其複製到 /tmp

```
$ cp /home/hadooper/tools/jdk-*-docs.zip /tmp/
```

- 或是到官方網站將javadoc (jdk-6u10-docs.zip) 下載下來放到 /tmp

下載點



2 執行

```
$ sudo apt-get install sun-java6-doc
$ sudo ln -sf /usr/share/doc/sun-java6-jdk/html /usr/lib/jvm/java-6-sun/docs
```

1.2. ssh 安裝設定

詳見實作一

1.3. 安裝hadoop

詳見實作一

1.4. 安裝eclipse

- 取得檔案 eclipse 3.3.2 (假設已經下載於/home/hadooper/tools/ 內)，執行下面指令：

零. 環境配置

0.1 環境說明

0.2 目錄說明

一、安裝

1.1. 安裝java

1.1.1. 安裝sun-java6-doc

1.2. ssh 安裝設定

1.3. 安裝hadoop

1.4. 安裝eclipse

二、建立專案

2.1 安裝hadoop 的 eclipse plugin

2.2 開啓eclipse

2.3 選擇視野

2.4 建立專案

2.5 設定專案

2.6 連接hadoop server

三、撰寫範例程式

3.1 mapper.java

3.2 reducer.java

3.3 WordCount.java (main function)

四、測試範例程式

4.1 法一：在eclipse上操作

4.2 法二：jar檔搭配自動編譯程式

4.2.1 產生Makefile 檔

4.2.2 執行

make jar

make run

make output

make clean

五、結論

六、練習：匯入專案

```
$ cd ~/tools/  
$ tar -zxvf eclipse-SDK-3.3.2-linux-gtk.tar.gz  
$ sudo mv eclipse /opt  
$ sudo ln -sf /opt/eclipse/eclipse /usr/local/bin/
```

二、建立專案

2.1 安裝hadoop的 eclipse plugin

- 匯入hadoop eclipse plugin

```
$ cd /opt/hadoop  
$ sudo cp /opt/hadoop/contrib/eclipse-plugin/hadoop-0.18.3-eclipse-plugin.jar /opt/eclipse/plugins
```

補充：可斟酌參考eclipse.ini內容（非必要）

```
$ sudo cat /opt/eclipse/eclipse.ini
```

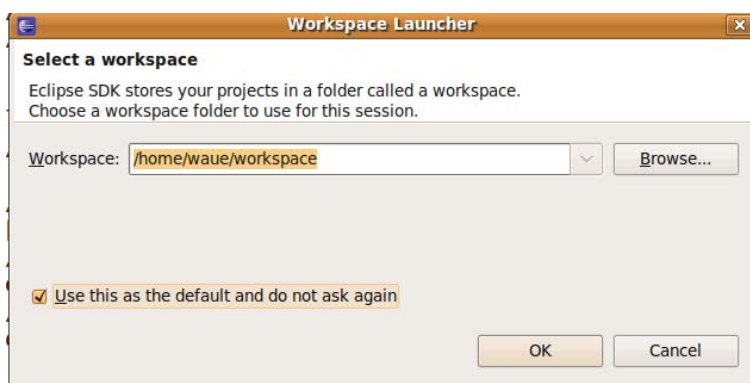
```
-showsplash  
org.eclipse.platform  
-vmargs  
-Xms40m  
-Xmx256m
```

2.2 開啓eclipse

- 打開eclipse

```
$ eclipse &
```

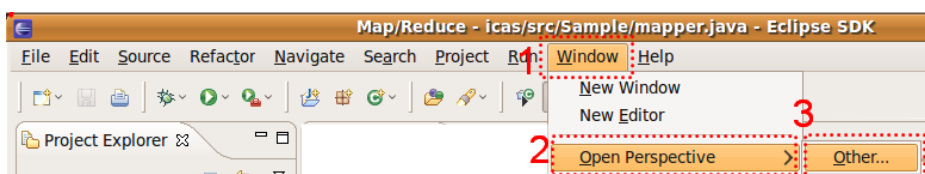
一開始會出現問你要將工作目錄放在哪裡：在這我們用預設值



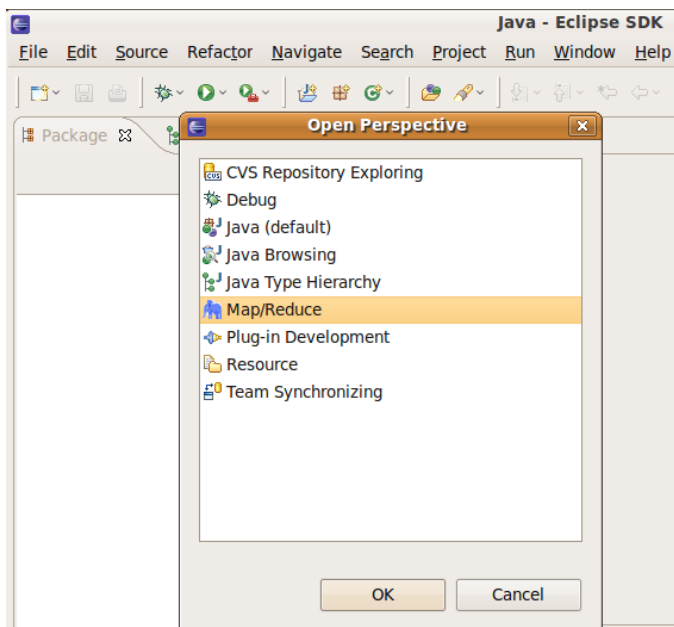
PS: 之後的說明則是在eclipse 上的介面操作

2.3 選擇視野

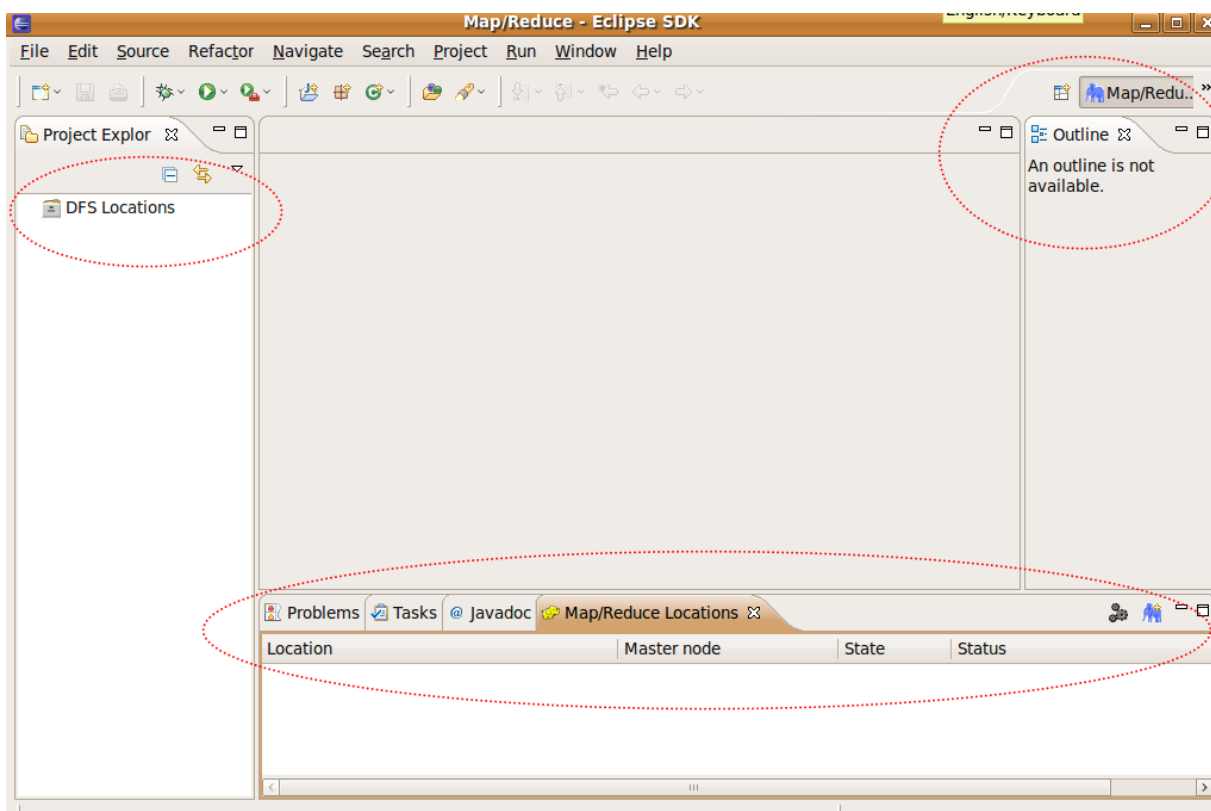
window -> open pers.. -> other.. -> map/reduce



設定要用 Map/Reduce 的視野

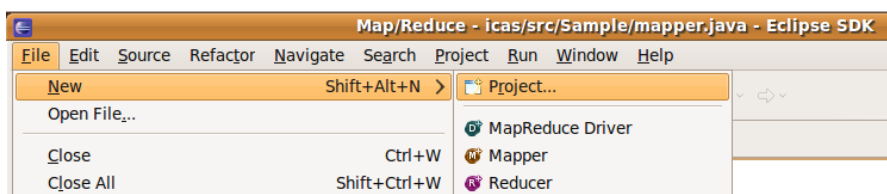


使用 Map/Reduce 的視野後的介面呈現

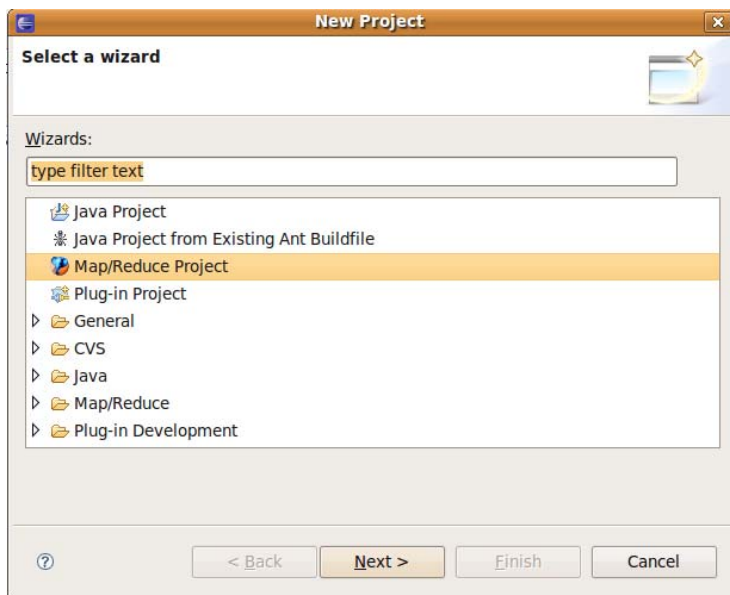


2.4 建立專案

file -> new -> project -> Map/Reduce -> Map/Reduce Project -> next

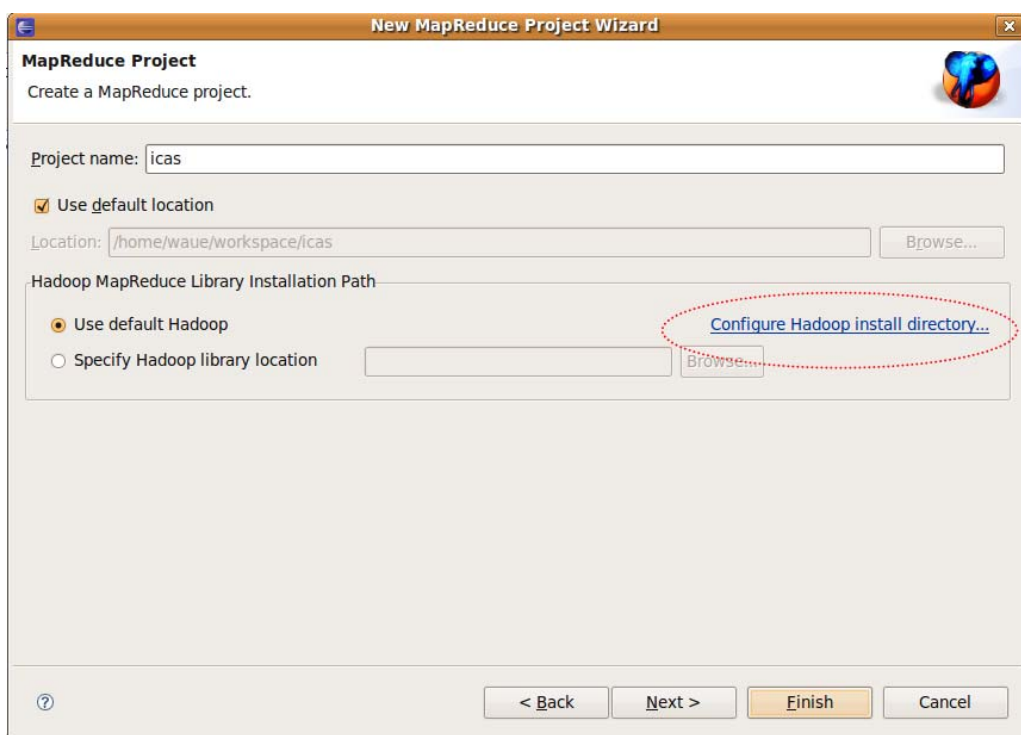


建立mapreduce專案(1)



建立mapreduce專案的(2)

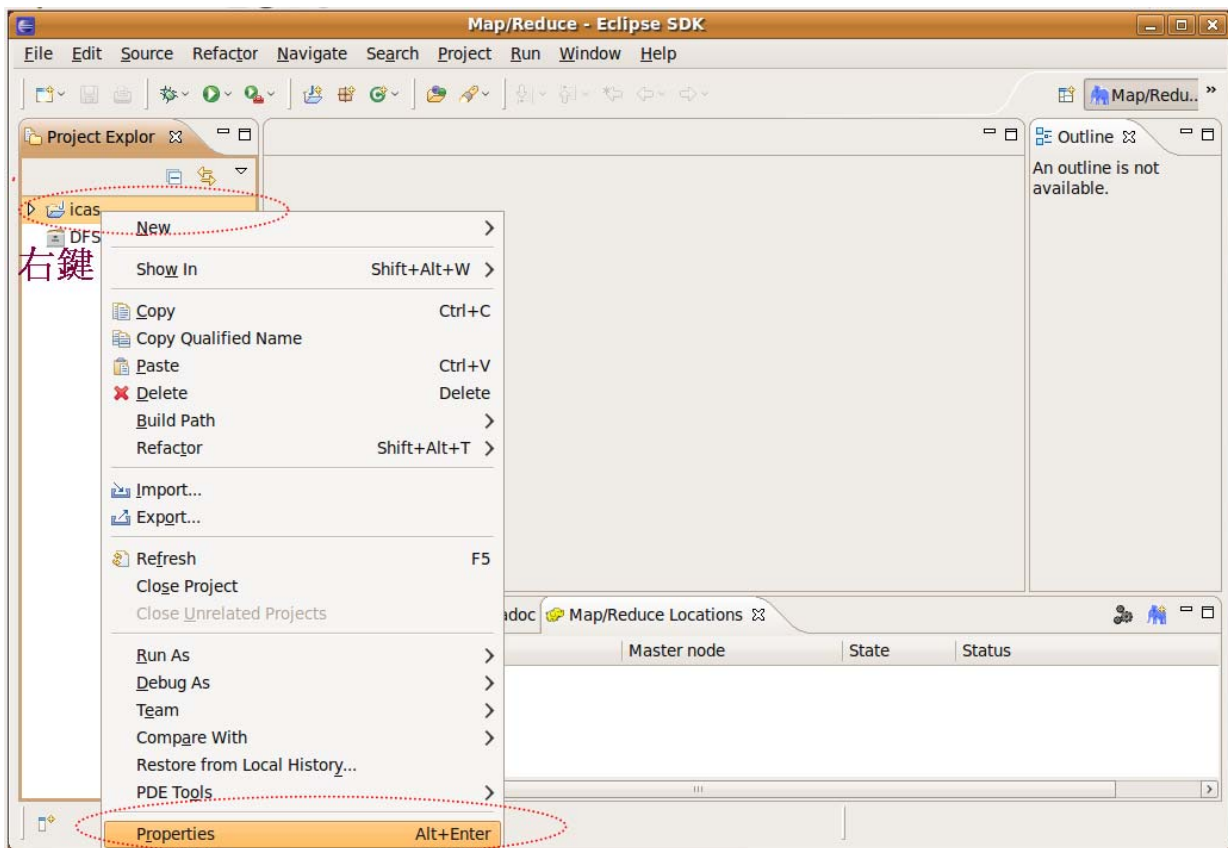
project name-> 輸入 : icas (隨意)
use default hadoop -> Configur Hadoop install... -> 輸入: "/opt/hadoop" -> ok
Finish



2.5 設定專案

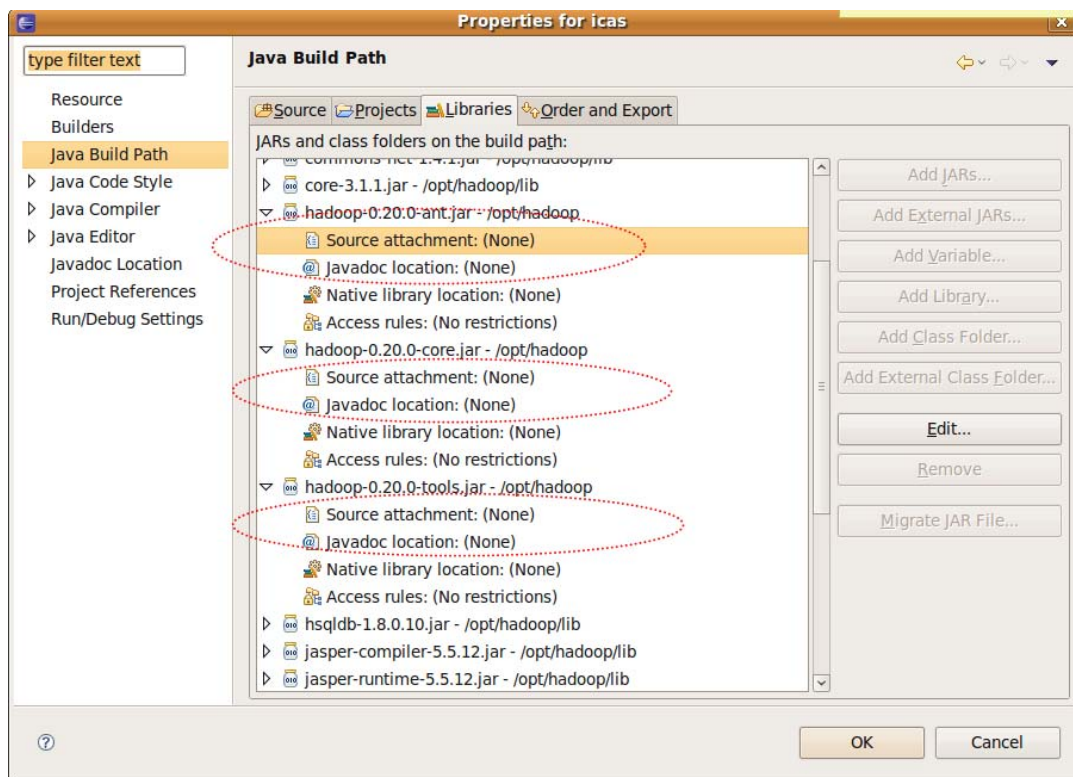
由於剛剛建立了icas這個專案，因此eclipse已經建立了新的專案，出現在左邊視窗，右鍵點選該資料夾，並選properties

Step1. 右鍵點選project的properties做細部設定



Step2. 進入專案的細部設定頁

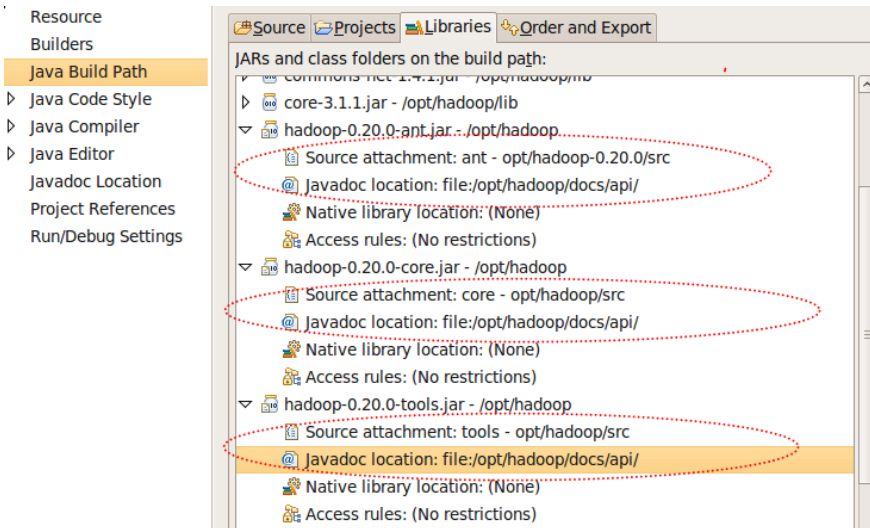
hadoop的javadoc的設定(1)



- java Build Path -> Libraries -> hadoop0.18.3-ant.jar
- java Build Path -> Libraries -> hadoop0.18.3-core.jar
- java Build Path -> Libraries -> hadoop0.18.3-tools.jar
 - 以 hadoop0.18.3-core.jar 的設定內容如下，其他依此類推

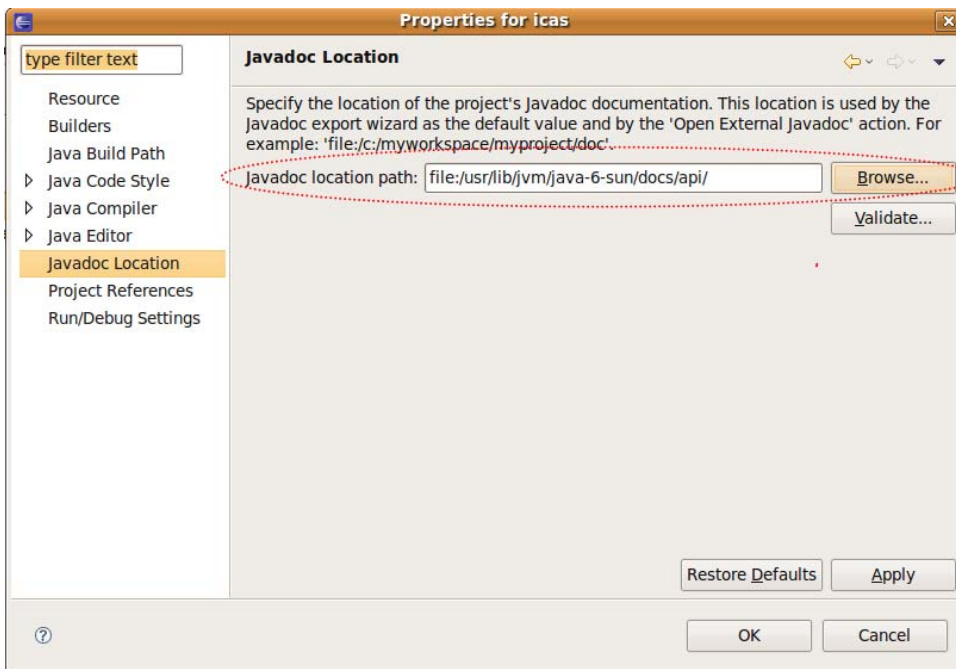
```
source ...-> 輸入：/opt/hadoop/src/core
javadoc ...-> 輸入：file:/opt/hadoop/docs/api/
```

Step3. hadoop的javadoc的設定完後(2)



Step4. java本身的javadoc的設定(3)

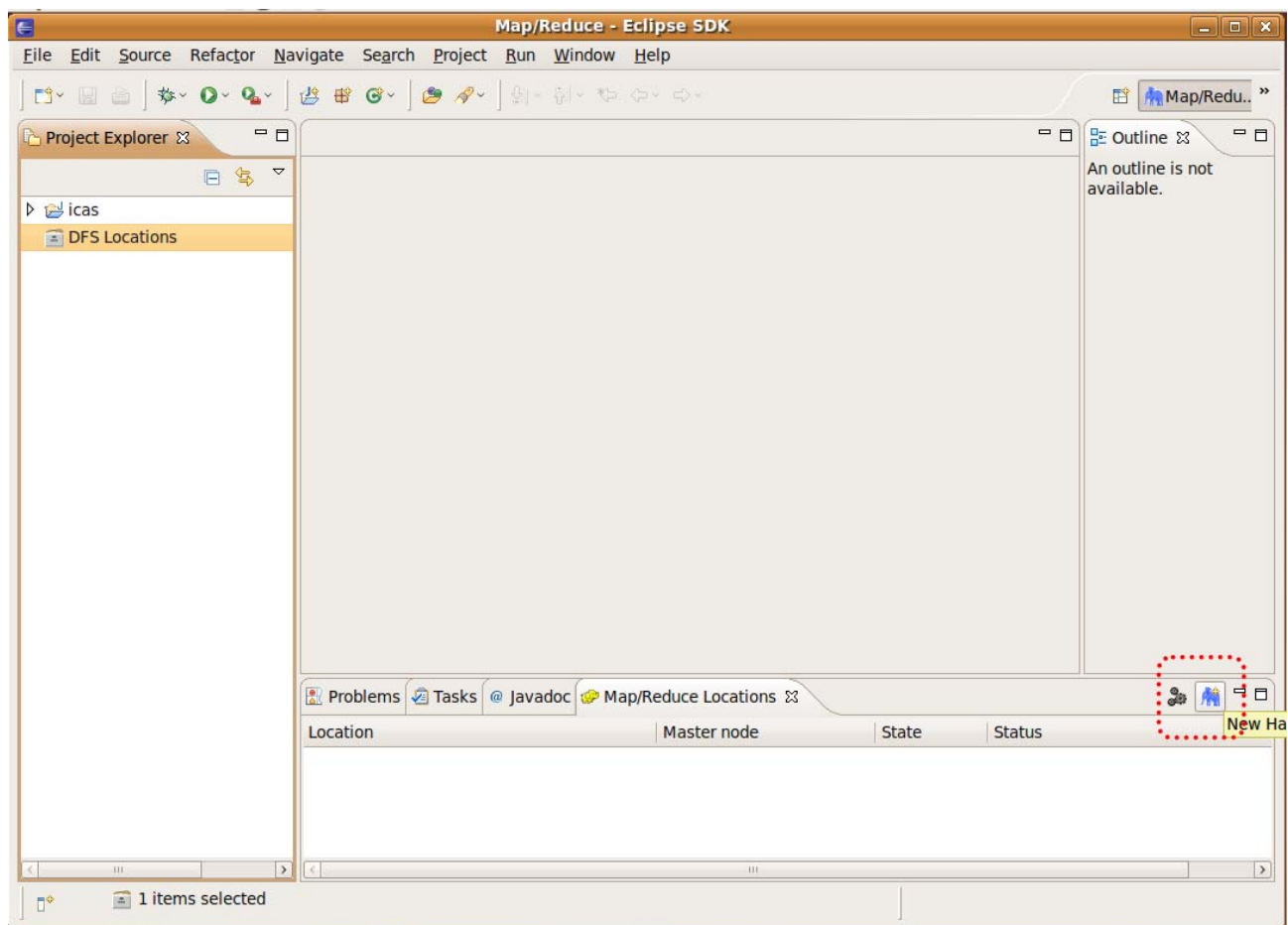
- javadoc location -> 輸入 : file:/usr/lib/jvm/java-6-sun/docs/api/



設定完後回到eclipse 主視窗

2.6 連接hadoop server

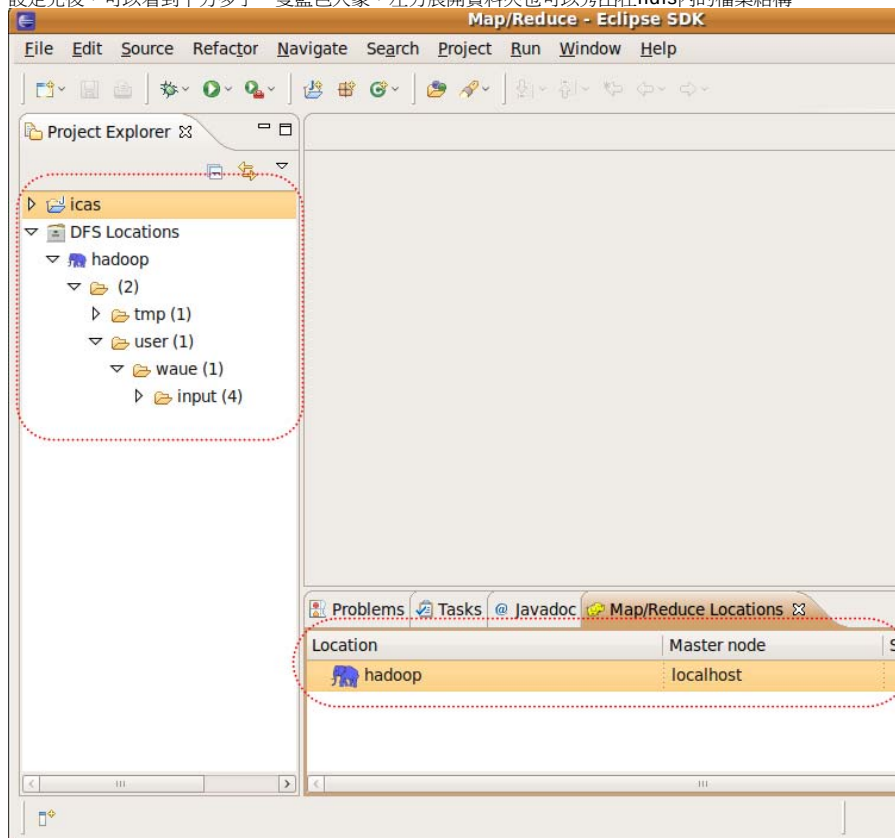
Step1. 視窗右下角黃色大象圖示"Map/Reduce Locations tag" -> 點選齒輪右邊的藍色大象圖示 :



Step2. 進行eclipse 與 hadoop 間的設定(2)

Location Name -> 輸入: hadoop (隨意)
 Map/Reduce Master
 -> Host-> 輸入: localhost
 -> Port-> 輸入: 9001
 DFS Master
 -> Host-> 輸入: 9000
 Finish

設定完後，可以看到下方多了一隻藍色大象，左方展開資料夾也可以秀出在hdfs內的檔案結構



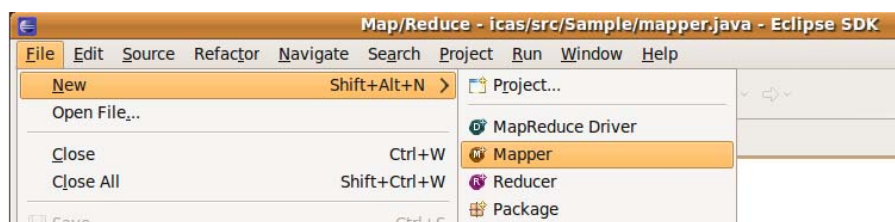
三、撰寫範例程式

- 之前在eclipse上已經開了個專案icas，因此這個目錄在：
 - /home/hadooper/workspace/icas
- 在這個目錄內有兩個資料夾：
 - src：用來裝程式原始碼
 - bin：用來裝編譯後的class檔
- 如此一來原始碼和編譯檔就不會混在一起，對之後產生jar檔會很有幫助
- 在這我們編輯一個範例程式：**WordCount**

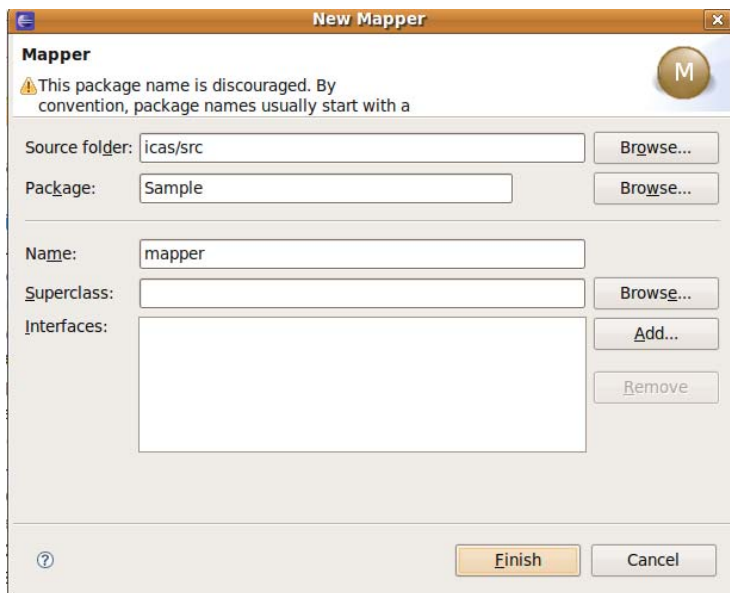
3.1 mapper.java

1. new

File -> new -> mapper



2. create



source folder-> 輸入 : icas/src
 Package : Sample
 Name -> : mapper

3. modify

```
package Sample;

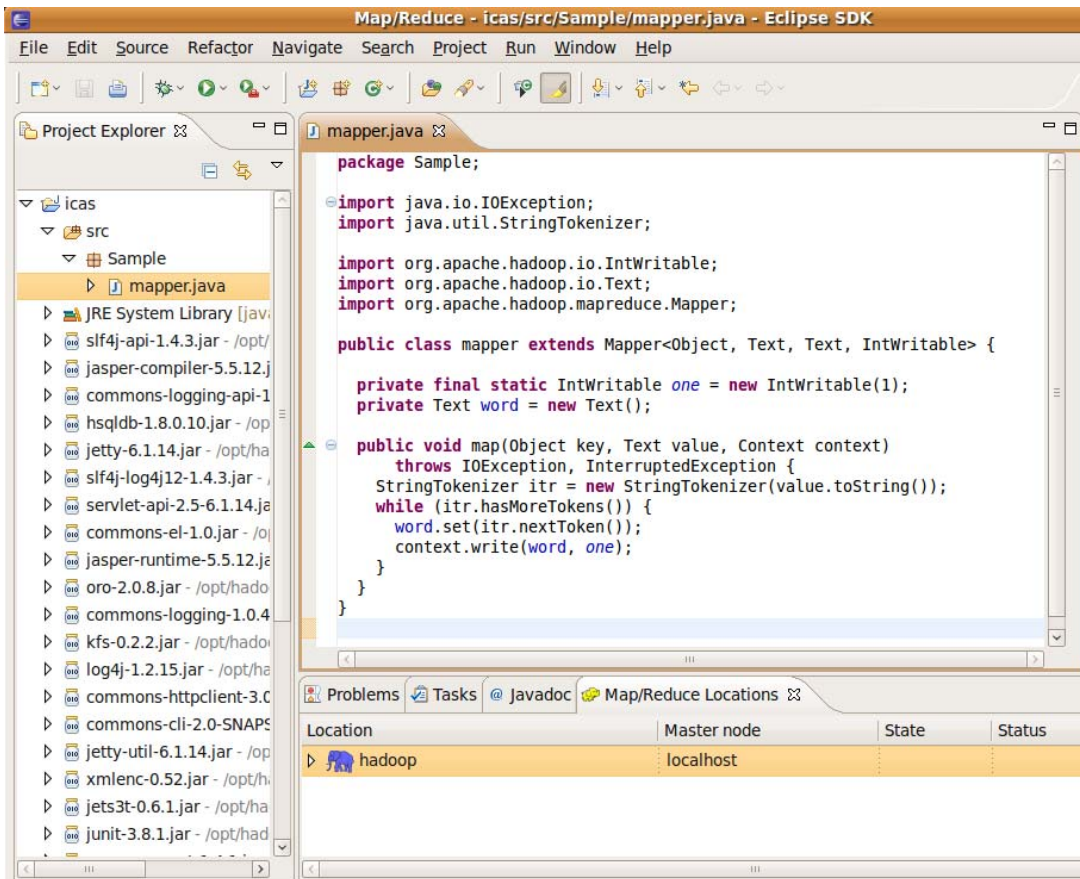
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.StringTokenizer;

import org.apache.hadoop.io.IntWritable;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.LongWritable;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.Text;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.MapReduceBase;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.Mapper;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.OutputCollector;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.Reporter;

public class mapper extends MapReduceBase implements Mapper<LongWritable, Text, Text, IntWritable> {
    private final static IntWritable one = new IntWritable(1);
    private Text word = new Text();

    public void map(LongWritable key, Text value, OutputCollector<Text, IntWritable> output, Reporter reporter) throws IOException {
        String line = value.toString();
        StringTokenizer tokenizer = new StringTokenizer(line);
        while (tokenizer.hasMoreTokens()) {
            word.set(tokenizer.nextToken());
            output.collect(word, one);
        }
    }
}
```

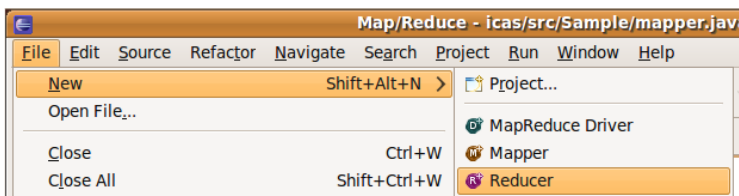
建立mapper.java後，貼入程式碼



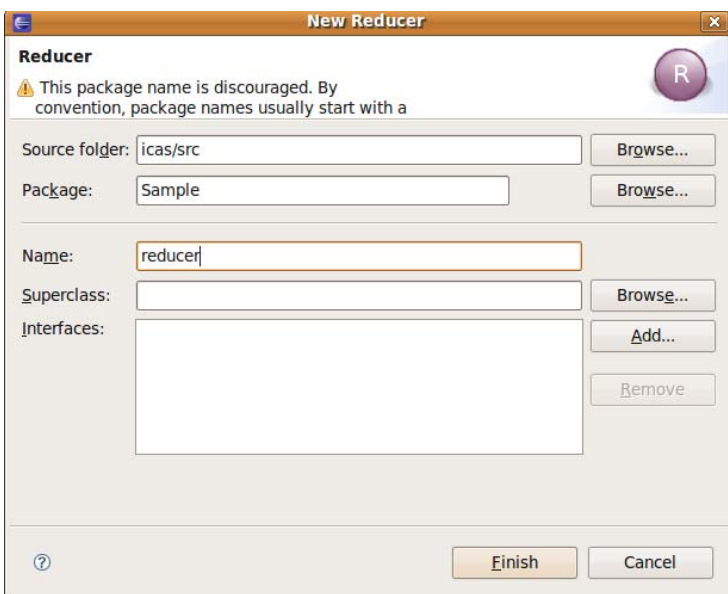
3.2 reducer.java

1. new

- File -> new -> reducer



2. create



```
source folder-> 輸入: icas/src
Package : Sample
Name -> : reducer
```

3. modify

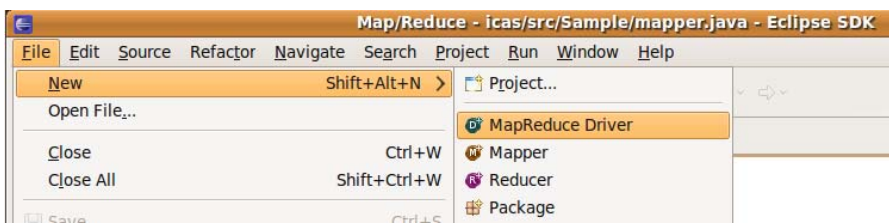
```
package Sample;

import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.Iterator;

import org.apache.hadoop.io.IntWritable;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.Text;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.MapReduceBase;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.OutputCollector;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.Reducer;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.Reporter;

public class reducer extends MapReduceBase implements Reducer<Text, IntWritable, Text, IntWritable> {
    public void reduce(Text key, Iterator<IntWritable> values, OutputCollector<Text, IntWritable> output, Reporter reporter) throws
        IOException {
        int sum = 0;
        while (values.hasNext()) {
            sum += values.next().get();
        }
        output.collect(key, new IntWritable(sum));
    }
}
```

- File -> new -> Map/Reduce Driver



3.3 WordCount.java (main function)

1. new

建立 WordCount.java，此檔用來驅動 mapper 與 reducer，因此選擇 Map/Reduce Driver



2. create

```
source folder-> 輸入: icas/src
Package : Sample
Name -> : WordCount.java
```

3. modify

```
package Sample;
import org.apache.hadoop.fs.Path;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.IntWritable;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.Text;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.FileInputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.FileOutputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.JobClient;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.JobConf;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.TextInputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapred.TextOutputFormat;

public class WordCount {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
        JobConf conf = new JobConf(WordCount.class);
        conf.setJobName("wordcount");

        conf.setOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
        conf.setOutputValueClass(IntWritable.class);

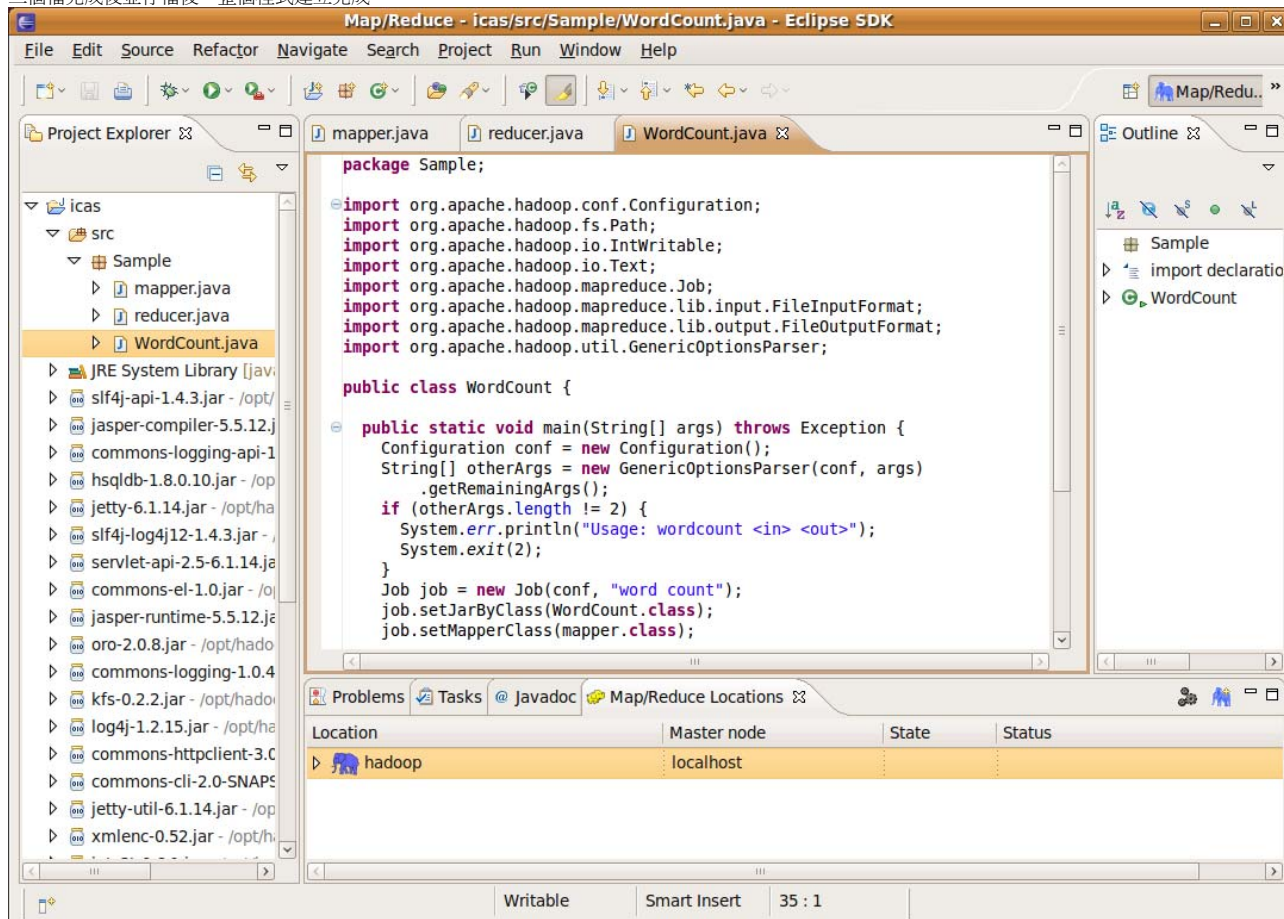
        conf.setMapperClass(mapper.class);
        conf.setCombinerClass(reducer.class);
        conf.setReducerClass(reducer.class);

        conf.setInputFormat(TextInputFormat.class);
        conf.setOutputFormat(TextOutputFormat.class);

        FileInputFormat.setInputPaths(conf, new Path("/user/hadooper/input"));
        FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(conf, new Path("lab5_out2"));

        JobClient.runJob(conf);
    }
}
```

三個檔完成後並存檔後，整個程式建立完成



- 三個檔都存檔後，可以看到icas專案下的src，bin都有檔案產生，我們用指令來check

```
$ cd workspace/icas
$ ls src/Sample/
mapper.java reducer.java WordCount.java
$ ls bin/Sample/
mapper.class reducer.class WordCount.class
```

四、測試範例程式

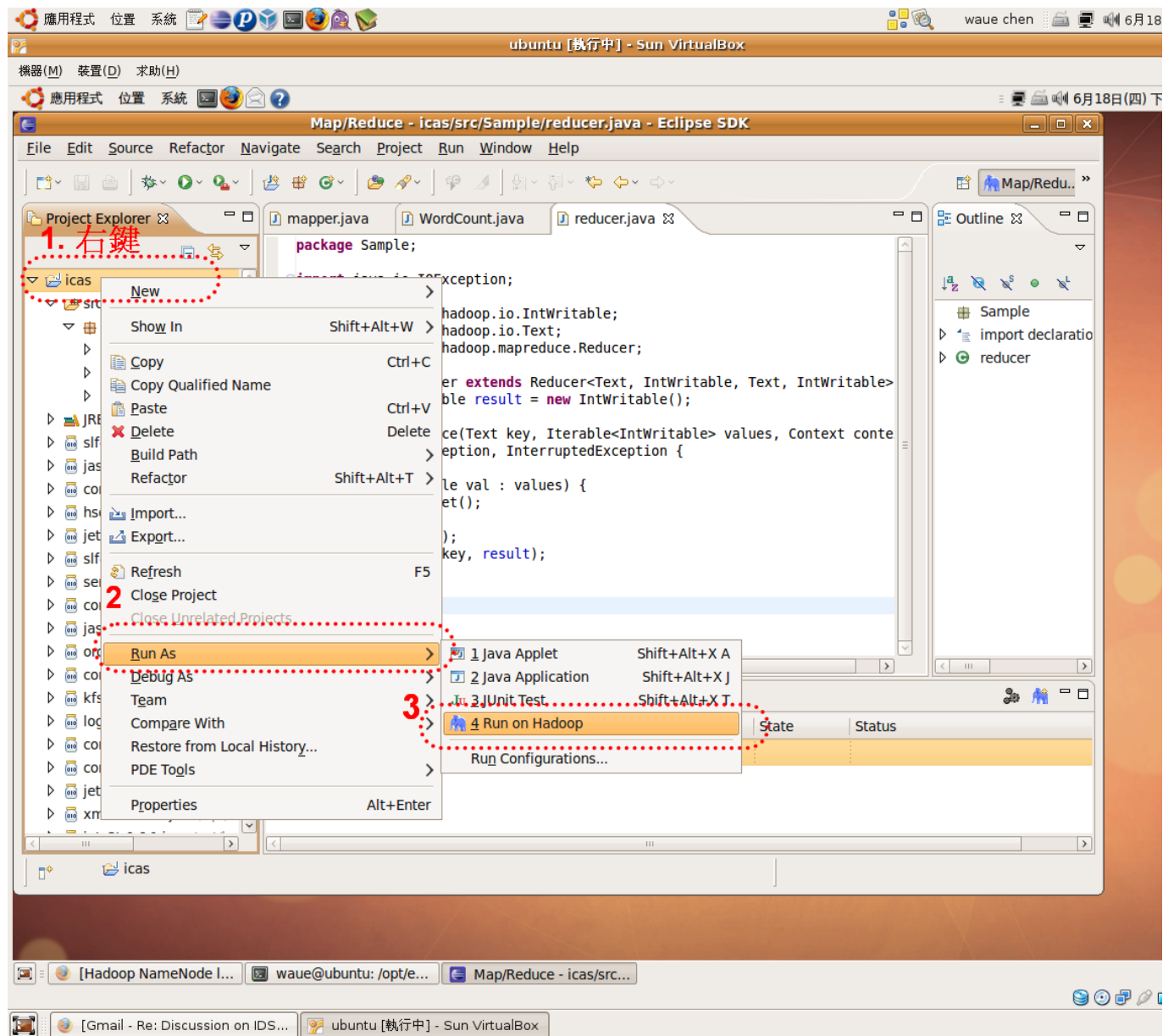
在此提供兩種方法來run我們從eclipse上編譯出的code。

方法一是直接在eclipse上用圖形介面操作，參閱 4.1 在eclipse上操作

方法二是產生jar檔後搭配自動編譯程式Makefile，參閱4.2

4.1 法一：在eclipse上操作

- 右鍵點選專案資料夾：icas -> run as -> run on Hadoop



4.2 法二：jar檔搭配自動編譯程式

- eclipse 可以產生出jar檔：

```
File -> Export -> java -> JAR file
-> next ->
```

```
選擇要匯出的專案 -> jarfile: /home/hadooper/mytest.jar ->
next ->
```

next ->

main class: 選擇有Main的class ->
Finish

- 以上的步驟就可以在/home/hadooper/ 產生出你的 mytest.jar
- 不過程式常常修改，每次都做這些動作也很累很煩，讓我們來體驗一下用指令比用圖形介面操作還方便吧

4.2.1 產生Makefile 檔

```
$ cd /home/hadooper/workspace/icas/  
$ gedit Makefile
```

- 輸入以下Makefile的內容 (注意 ":" 後面要接 "tab" 而不是 "空白")

```
JarFile="sample-0.1.jar"  
MainFunc="Sample.WordCount"  
LocalOutDir="/tmp/output"  
HADOOP_BIN="/opt/hadoop/bin"  
  
all:jar run output clean  
  
jar:  
    jar -cvf ${JarFile} -C bin/ .  
  
run:  
    ${HADOOP_BIN}/hadoop jar ${JarFile} ${MainFunc} input output  
  
clean:  
    ${HADOOP_BIN}/hadoop fs -rmr output  
  
output:  
    rm -rf ${LocalOutDir}  
    ${HADOOP_BIN}/hadoop fs -get output ${LocalOutDir}  
    gedit ${LocalOutDir}/part-r-00000 &  
  
help:  
    @echo "Usage:"  
    @echo " make jar      - Build Jar File."  
    @echo " make clean    - Clean up Output directory on HDFS."  
    @echo " make run      - Run your MapReduce code on Hadoop."  
    @echo " make output   - Download and show output file"  
    @echo " make help     - Show Makefile options."  
    @echo " "  
    @echo "Example:"  
    @echo " make jar; make run; make output; make clean"
```

- 或是直接下載 **Makefile** 吧

```
$ cd /home/hadooper/workspace/icas/  
$ wget http://trac.nchc.org.tw/cloud/raw-attachment/wiki/Hadoop_Lab5/Makefile
```

4.2.2 執行

- 執行Makefile，可以到該目錄下，執行make [參數]，若不知道參數為何，可以打make 或 make help
- make 的用法說明

```
$ cd /home/hadooper/workspace/icas/  
$ make  
Usage:  
make jar      - Build Jar File.  
make clean    - Clean up Output directory on HDFS.  
make run      - Run your MapReduce code on Hadoop.  
make output   - Download and show output file  
make help     - Show Makefile options.  
  
Example:  
make jar; make run; make output; make clean
```

- 下面提供各種make 的參數

make jar

- 1. 編譯產生jar檔

```
$ make jar
```

make run

- 2. 跑我們的wordcount 於hadoop上

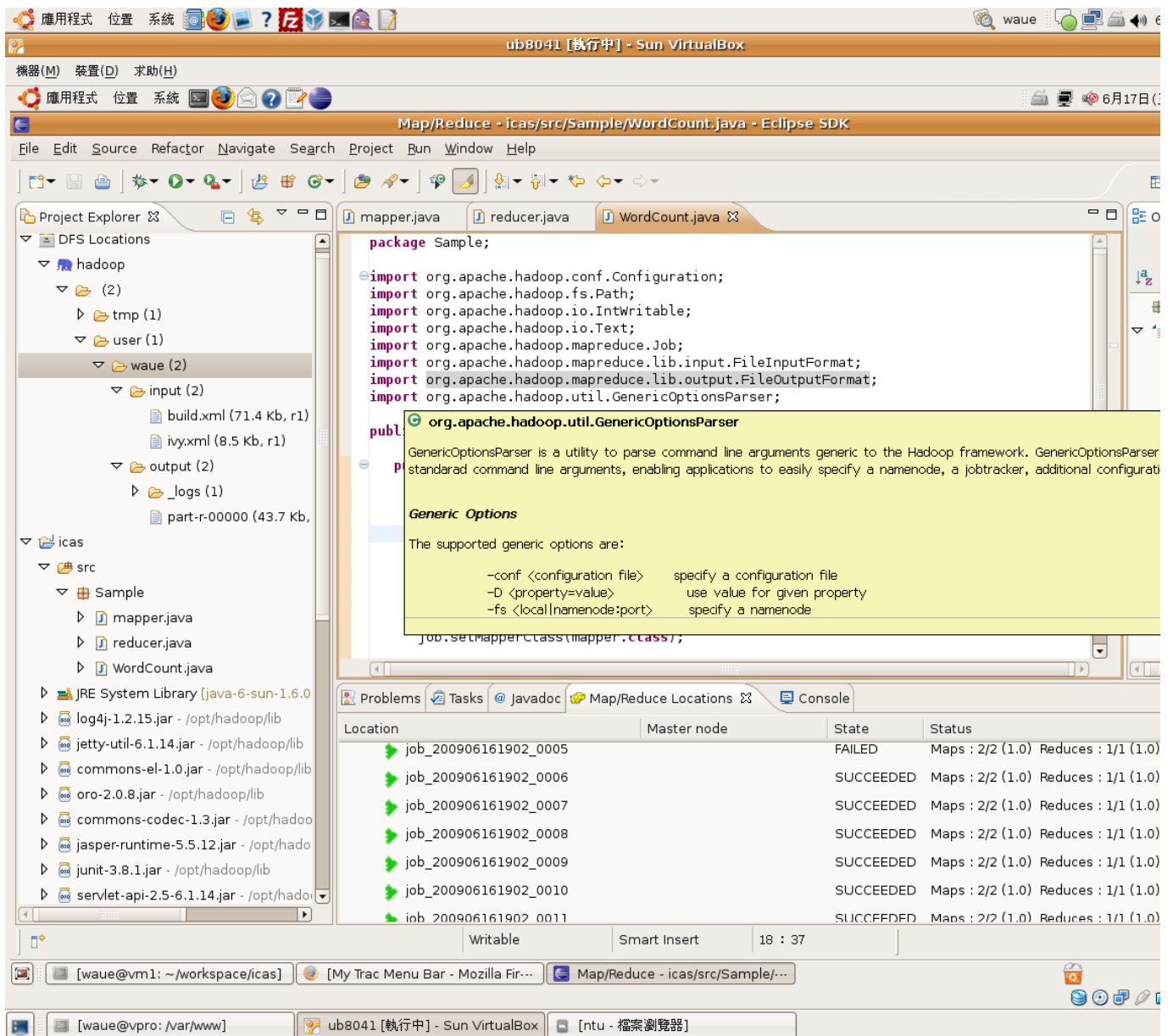
```
$ make run
```

- make run基本上能正確無誤的運作到結束，因此代表我們在eclipse編譯的程式可以順利在hadoop0.18.3的平台上運行。
- 而回到eclipse視窗，我們可以看到下方視窗run完的job會呈現出來：左方視窗也多出output資料夾，part-r-00000就是我們的結果檔

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE with the 'WordCount.java' file open. The code defines a 'WordCount' class with a 'main' method that sets up a Hadoop job. The 'Map/Reduce Locations' view at the bottom shows the execution results of the job.

Location	Master node	State	Status
job_200906161902_0005		FAILED	Maps : 2/2 (1.0) Reduces : 1/1 (1.0)
job_200906161902_0006		SUCCEEDED	Maps : 2/2 (1.0) Reduces : 1/1 (1.0)
job_200906161902_0007		SUCCEEDED	Maps : 2/2 (1.0) Reduces : 1/1 (1.0)
job_200906161902_0008		SUCCEEDED	Maps : 2/2 (1.0) Reduces : 1/1 (1.0)
job_200906161902_0009		SUCCEEDED	Maps : 2/2 (1.0) Reduces : 1/1 (1.0)
job_200906161902_0010		SUCCEEDED	Maps : 2/2 (1.0) Reduces : 1/1 (1.0)
job_200906161902_0011		SUCCEEDED	Maps : 2/2 (1.0) Reduces : 1/1 (1.0)

- 因為有設定完整的javadoc, 因此可以得到詳細的解說與輔助



make output

- 3. 這個指令是幫助使用者將結果檔從hdfs下載到local端，並且用gedit來開啓你的結果檔

```
$ make output
```

make clean

- 4. 這個指令用來把hdfs上的output資料夾清除。如果你還想要在跑一次make run，請先執行make clean，否則hadoop會告訴你，output資料夾已經存在，而拒絕工作喔！

```
$ make clean
```

五、結論

- 搭配eclipse，我們可以更有效率的開發hadoop
- hadoop 0.20 與之前的版本api以及設定都有些改變，可以看 [hadoop 0.20 coding \(eclipse\)](#)

六、練習：匯入專案

- 將 [nchc-sample](#) 給匯入到eclipse 內開發吧！

Attachments

- [hadoop_sample_codes.zip](#) (16.9 kB) - added by [waue](#) 7 weeks ago.
- [nchc-example.jar](#) (23.2 kB) - added by [waue](#) 7 weeks ago.
- [Makefile](#) (0.8 kB) - added by [waue](#) 7 weeks ago.